

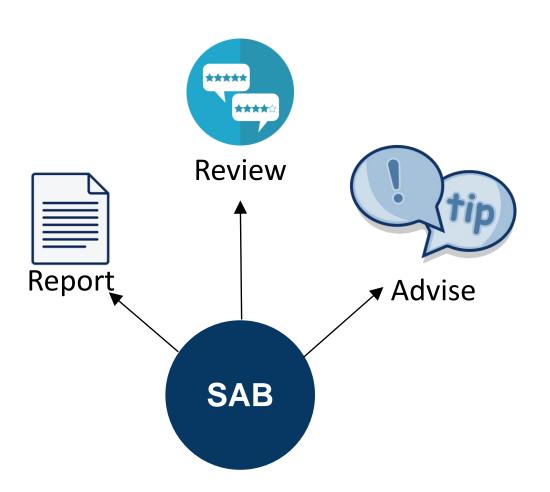
Ecosystem Sciences Management Working Group

Science Advisory Board Overview and ESMWG History

Cynthia J. Decker, Ph.D, Executive Director, NOAA SAB

Welcome!

Purpose and Background of the SAB



The only NOAA federal advisory committee to advise across all lines, strategic councils, & offices.

- History: created in 1997 by the Under Secretary (J. Baker); first convened in 1998
- Membership: ~15 members; 3-yr term renewable once; nominated by Under Secretary; 3 in-person meetings per year; remote meetings as needed
- SAB Office: Executive Director and 3 part-time staff
- Website: <u>sab.noaa.gov</u>; includes all meeting documents, reports, and information on working groups

Importance of the SAB

- Reports directly to the Under Secretary
- Executive Director works directly with the Chief Scientist & Deputy Under Secretary to identify issues
- Assistant Administrators & Strategic Council Chairs look to the SAB for high-level advice
- All of the above attend the meetings and provide feedback on reports and recommendations

Value Added

- Works to provide strategic guidance on trends, issues and new areas of cutting-edge research that may impact NOAA mission in the future
- Provides advice from external experts, i.e. not the usual suspects
- Validates requirements and needs
- Identifies gaps in programs, expertise, funding



Report



Review



Network of Experts

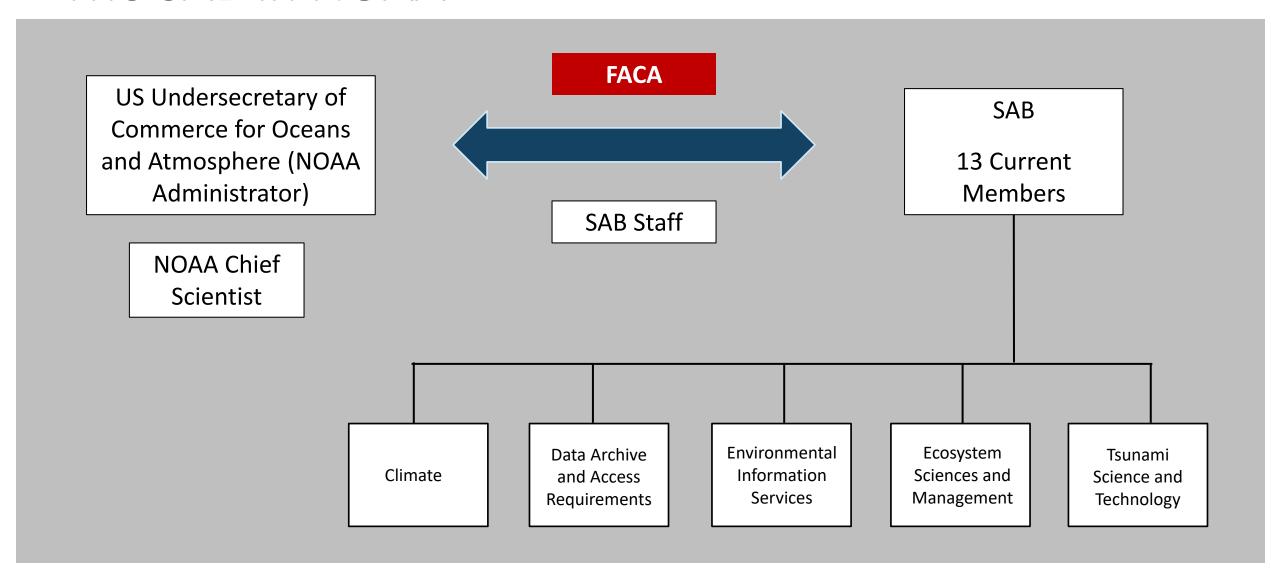


Advise



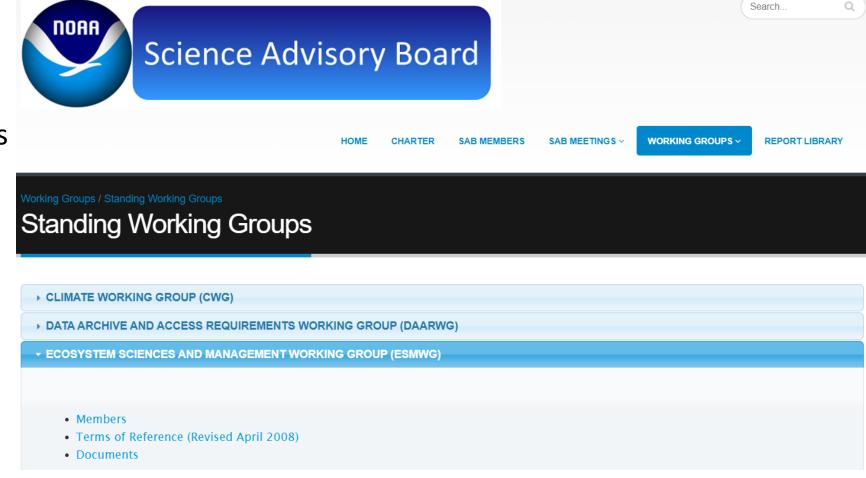
Sounding Board

The SAB in NOAA



SAB Website: sab.noaa.gov

- ☐ SAB
 - Members
 - Meeting Details
 - Meeting Documents
- Working Groups
 - Members
 - Reports
 - Terms of Reference
- Report Library



NOAA SAB Working Groups

The NOAA Science Advisory Board is called upon to provide advice to NOAA on a wide variety of topics important to the agency. Because of the breadth of subject matter that the group addresses, they frequently consult with additional experts on specific topics. To that end, there are four standing SAB working groups:

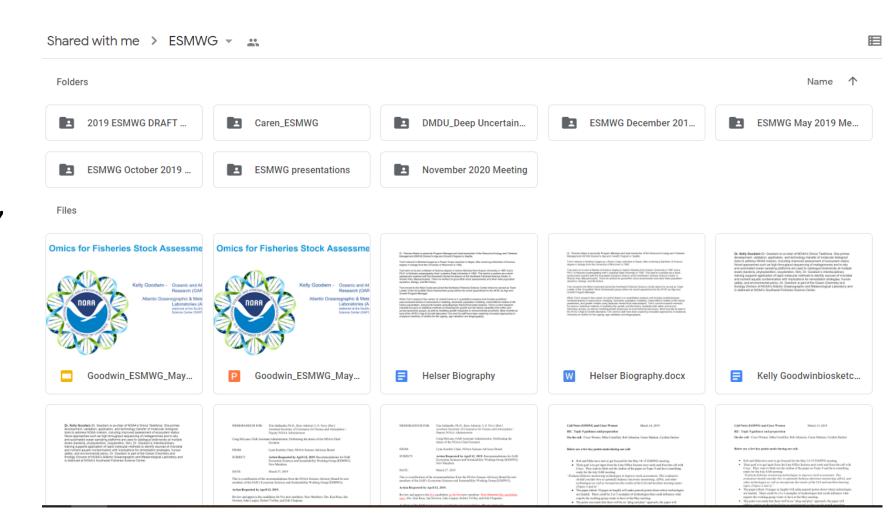
- Data Archiving and Access Requirements Working Group (DAARWG)
- ☐ Ecosystem Sciences and Management Working Group (ESMWG)
- Environmental Information Services Working Group (EISWG)
 - Tsunami Science and Technology Advisory Panel (TSTAP)
- Climate Working Group (CWG)

How working groups interact with the SAB

- ☐ The SAB develops an annual Work Plan.
- Working groups are involved in the Work Plan topic development.
- ☐ Working groups typically get assignments for drafting reports on portions of the work plan topics.
- Working groups report back to the SAB periodically, present a final report.
- ☐ The SAB accepts a working group report and forwards it to NOAA for a response.
- ☐ Final reports are published on the SAB website.

ESMWG Google Drive

- Access granted after become a member
- All ESMWG related documents: membership, reports, meeting documents and minutes
- Allows for joint collaboration on projects



ESMWG Members

CO-CHAIRS

- Ms. Molly McCammon Alaska Ocean Observing System
- Dr. Jan Newton University of Washington
- Dr. Lisa Wainger-University of Maryland, Chesapeake Biological Laboratory

MEMBERS

- Dr. Erik Chapman New Hampshire Sea Grant, University of New Hampshire
- **Dr. Ed Parnell -** University of California at San Diego
- Dr. Kenneth Rose University of Maryland
- **Dr. Robert Twilley** Louisiana State University

SAB LIAISON

- Mr. Jon Allan University of Michigan
- Dr. Steve Weisberg Southern California Coastal Water Research Project

Others involved with the ESMWG

SAB Office

- Dr. Cynthia Decker NOAA SAB Executive Director
- **TBD** SAB Staff Support

NOAA Liaisons

- Dr. Jonathan Pennock (OAR)— Director, National Sea Grant Office
- Dr. Cisco Werner (NMFS) Director of Scientific Programs and Chief Science Advisor
- ☐ Mr. John Armor (NOS) Director, Office of National Marine Sanctuaries
- Dr. Paul DiGiacomo (NESDIS) Chief, Satellite Oceanography and Climatology Division, Center for Satellite Applications and Research

Definition of the ESMWG

From the Term of Reference:

The Ecosystem Sciences and Management Working Group (ESMWG) will provide scientific advice and broad direction to the NOAA Science Advisory Board (SAB) regarding NOAA's ecosystem related programs, in the context of national and international activities. The ESMWG will focus on the broad research, monitoring, and management components of NOAA's ecosystem portfolio, as well as on the underlying observations and data management issues. The ESMWG will assist in establishing plans, assessing progress, and reviewing priorities on a continuing basis.

The role of the ESMWG

As a sanctioned working group of the NOAA SAB, the ESMWG:

- Advises the SAB on the condition and capabilities of NOAA's ecosystem portfolio and,
- □ Submits formal reports to the SAB that identify current issues, deficiencies, recommendations for remedial action, and proposed initiatives.

The ESMWG will:

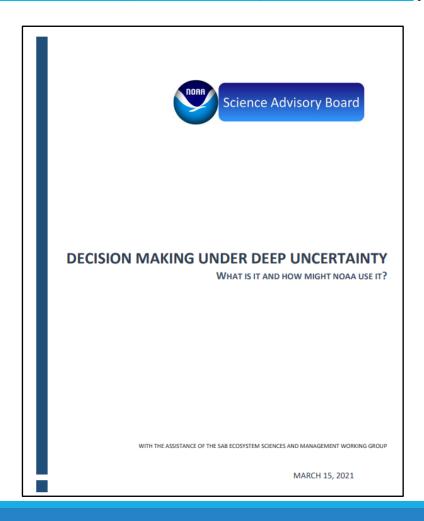
- Foster ongoing dialogue
- 2. Enhance communication with external partners and stakeholders, and
- 3. Provide a sounding board for proposals to enhance the delivery of science supporting ecosystem approaches to management

ESMWG members will

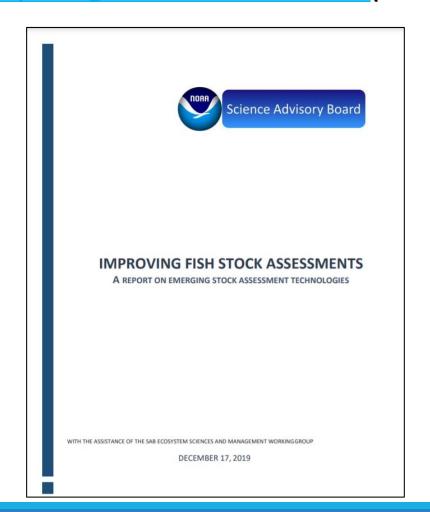
- ☐ Be appointed for three-year terms on a rolling and randomized basis with the opportunity for one additional term.
- Provide suggestions of new candidates annually to the NOAA SAB for consideration.
- Convene 2-3 times per year.

Past ESMWG Work

Decision Making Under Deep Uncertainty (2021)



Improving Fish Stock Assessments (2019)



Upcoming ESMWG Work

- Leadership in Coastal Resilience SAB priority topic
- ☐ Rapidly Changing Marine Environment

Questions?